

SARS-CoV-2 5-Plex Mutation Detection Kit (RT-PCR)

(UK B.1.1.7 & South Africa B.1.351 & Brazil P1 included)

Catalog Number: 02.01.1044

For in vitro Diagnostic (IVD) Use

Kit Components

Item No.	Components	Specifications and Quantities	Label
1	UK B.1.1.7 & South Africa B.1.351 & Brazil P1 Detection Buffer	672μl×1	
2	Enzyme Mix	96μl×1	
3	UK B.1.1.7 & South Africa B.1.351 & Brazil P1 Positive Control	500μl x1	
4	UK B.1.1.7 & South Africa B.1.351& Brazil P1 Negative Control	500μl×1	

Storage Condition

Recommend -20 °C for long term storage. It is stable for 12 months stored at - 20 °C.

Instructions for SARS-CoV-2 5-Plex Mutation Detection Kit (RT-PCR) (UK B.1.1.7 & South Africa B.1.351 & Brazil P1 included)

【Product Name】 SARS-CoV-2 5-Plex Mutation Detection Kit (RT-PCR) (UK B.1.1.7 & South Africa B.1.351 & Brazil P1 included)

[Package Specifications] 96 Tests/Kit

【Intended Usage】

Coronaviruses are a class of RNA viruses with viral cystic membranes and a positive linear single-stranded genome, about 80-120 nm in diameter. Currently, they only infect human, mouse, pig, cat, dog, and avian vertebrates. The new coronavirus (SARS-CoV-2) has been confirmed as a new variant that can cause viral pneumonia, fever and dry cough in mild cases, and breathing difficulties and even shock in severe cases.

This kit is used for RNA detection of SARS-CoV-2 20I/501Y.V.1, 20H/501Y.V2 and 20J/501Y.V3 lineages, and the results can be used for auxiliary diagnosis of patients with new coronavirus variants infection or patients suspected of new coronavirus infection, providing molecular diagnosis for infected patients.

Detection Principle

The SARS-CoV-2 5-Plex Mutation Detection Kit (RT-PCR) (UK B.1.1.7 & South Africa B.1.351 & Brazil P1 included) is a real time reverse transcription followed by polymerase chain reaction (rRT-PCR) test. The SARS-CoV-2 primer and probe sets are designed to detect RNA from SARS-CoV-2 in respiratory specimens from patients who are suspected of SARS-CoV-2 infection by their healthcare provider. This kit is used for qualitative detection of the H69-V70del, A242-244del and N501Y mutations on the S gene of UK B.1.1.7 variant (20I/501Y.V1), and E484K, K417N and N501Y mutations on the S gene of South Africa B.1.351 variant (20H/501Y.V2), and N501Y, E484K and K417T mutations on the S gene of Brazil P1 (20J/501Y.V3)

After PCR reaction, fluorescent signal from target is acquired and further analyzed by a real time PCR instrument. As a result, genes specific to novel coronavirus SARS-CoV-2 variants can be detected with high precision.

In particular, E484K probe contains FAM label, A242-244del probe contains HEX/JOE label, K417T probe contains ROX label, K417N probe contains Cy5 label. *The probe for H69-V70del is instrument dependent.* Quasar 705/Cy5.5* or Atto425/Cyan500* label for H69-70del. * Quasar 705/Cy5.5 for Bio Rad CFX96, Atto 425/Cyn 500 for Roche Lightcycler 480(II).

The kits can provide information of S gene of SARS-CoV-2 variants. The results indicate the presence or absence of UK B.1.1.7 (20I/501Y.V1), South Africa B.1.351 (20H/501Y.V2) and Brazil P1 (20J/501Y.V3).

Kit Components

Item No.	Components	Specifications	Label
1	UK B.1.1.7 & South Africa B.1.351& Brazil P1 Detection Buffer	672μl×1	
2	Enzyme Mix	96μl×1	
3	UK B.1.1.7 & South Africa B.1.351 & Brazil P1 Positive Control	500μl x1	
4	UK B.1.1.7 & South Africa B.1.351 & Brazil P1 Negative Control	500μl×1	

Note: The components of different lots cannot be used interchangeably. End users need to prepare their own nucleic acid extraction and purification reagents.

【Storage Conditions and Expiration Date】

- 1. The reagents should be sealed from light and the reagent components should be stored below -18 °C. The kit is valid for 12 months. Please see the outer box for manufacture date and expiration date.
- 2. The reagents can be stored stably within a valid period indicated on package. The repeated freeze-thaw cycles should not be more than 5. And unpacked kits should avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

【Instrument Compatibility】

ABI 7500 Real Time PCR instrument, Bio-Rad CFX96 PCR analysis system, QuantStudio 5, Roche LC480 (II) or other Real Time PCR instruments with 4 or more fluorescence channels.

[Specimen Requirements]

- 1. Applicable specimen types: upper respiratory tract specimens (throat swabs or nasal swabs,).
- 2. Specimen storage and transportation: Specimens is recommended to immediately processed. Specimens should be tested within 96 hours if stored at 2-8°C. Specimens that cannot be tested within 96 hours should be stored at -70°C or below (in the absence of -70°C storage conditions, specimens can be stored below -18°C). Multiple freeze-thaw cycles should be avoided. Specimens should be transported in a sealed frozen pitcher with ice or in a sealed foam box with ice.

Testing Method

1. Sample Collection (Extraction free)

Rinsing mouth clean with water for 20-30 seconds before sample collection to remove any food residue and keep mouth clean. The food residue may inhibit PCR reaction and cause false negative results.

[Wet swab collection] To realize direct PCR without RNA extraction, Swab specimens should be collected only using RainampTM virus transport medium. Place swabs immediately into RainampTM (VTM) virus transport medium.

[Dry swab collection] Or Collect the swab dry, place the dry swab into the RainampTM sterilized empty vial without VTM to keep the swab dry. After the dry swabs arrive PCR testing lab, add RainampTM VTM to the dry swab,

vortex for 2 minutes, and add VTM to PCR mastermix to perform direct RT-PCR reaction.

IMPORTANT: To accomplish extraction free, the specimens must be collected using RainampTM VTM alone, it cannot be mixed with other supplier's VTM, otherwise, RNA extraction is required.

[Extraction Performed]

If users would like to proceed RNA extraction step, the SARS-CoV-2 5-Plex Mutation Detection Kit (RT-PCR) (UK B.1.1.7 & South Africa B.1.351 & Brazil P1 included) is compatible with other oropharyngeal/nasopharyngeal swab collection kits. The specimen collected in other supplier's collection kit (e.g., Copan) can be extracted manually or using automatic Extractor, and to be used with SARS-CoV-2 5-Plex Mutation Detection Kit (RT-PCR) (UK B.1.1.7 & South Africa B.1.351 & Brazil P1 included) for RT-PCR reaction.

2. Reagent Preparation

Aliquot (n+1) x 7μ l of the UK B.1.1.7 & South Africa B.1.351& Brazil P1 Detection Buffer and (n+1) x 1 μ l **Enzyme Mix** (n is the number of reaction tubes, including specimens, negative control and positive control) into a centrifuge tube, shake and mix thoroughly, and centrifuge at 3000 rpm for 1 minute.

3 . Adding Specimen

Aliquot 8 μ l of the above mixed solutions into each PCR tube, and then add 17 μ l each of the specimens in RainampTM VTM (extraction free method) or 17 μ l extracted RNA, 17 μ l positive control, or negative control to each PCR tube, cover the tubes with their caps, mix and centrifuge. Immediately perform the PCR amplification reaction.

4. PCR Amplification

The PCR reaction tube is placed in a Real Time PCR instrument. The recommended thermal cycling protocol is set as follows:

	RT-PCR procedure				
	Steps	Temperature	Time	Cycles	
1	Reverse transcript	50°C	15min	1	
2	Enzyme activation	95°C	1 min	1	
	Denature	95°C	15 s		
3	Annealing/ Extension & fluorescence detection*	58°C	30 s	42	
4	Cooling	4°C	Infinite	1	

^{*} Fluorescence Data Collection

Fluorescent channel selection: Choose FAM, HEX/VIC/TET/JOE, ROX/Texas Red/Cal Read 610, Cy5/Quasar 670 and Cy5.5/Quasar 705 or Atto 425/Cyn 500 channels

Note: If customers use ABI series PCR instrument, please be sure to select "none" at both passive reference and quencher.

5. Set baseline and threshold

Take fluorescence signals from 3-20 cycles for baseline adjustment. The threshold setting principle is based on the threshold line just exceeding the highest point of the DEPC-H2O fluorescence detection curve.

6. Quality Control

Both negative and positive controls in the kit must meet the following criteria. If negative control shows result other than described in the table below, it indicates contamination of reagents or specimens. All specimen results need to be invalidated and results must not be reported. It is recommended to decontaminate the PCR lab and use a new box of un-opened reagents before repeating specimen testing. If positive control shows result other than described in the table below, it indicates the failure of RT-PCR reaction. All specimen results need to be invalidated and results must not be reported. The specimens are required to be re-tested.

	FAM Ct (E484K)	HEX/VIC/JOE Ct (A242-244del)	ROX Ct (K417T)	Cy5 Ct (K417N)	Atto425/Cy5.5 Ct (H69-V70Del)
Negative Control	UNDET or >38	UNDET or >35	UNDET or >38	UNDET or >38	UNDET or >37
Positive control	≤38	≤35	≤38	≤38	≤37

7. Examination and Interpretation of Patient Specimen Results

H69-V70del (Atto425/ Cy5.5)	A242-244del (HEX/JOE)	K417T (ROX)	E484K (FAM)	K417N (Cy5)	Results
+	+	-	-	-	UK B.1.1.7 Positive
-	1	1	+	+	South Africa B.1.351 Positive
-	-	+	+	-	Brazil P1 Positive

Result of (-): Cq value >35 or Undetermined for A242-244del (HEX), Cq value >37 or Undetermined for H69-V70Del (Atto425/Cy5.5), and Cq value >38 or Undetermined for E484K (FAM), K417T(ROX) and K417N (Cy5)

Result of (+): Cq value \leq 35 for A242-244del (HEX), Cq value \leq 37 for H69-V70Del (Atto425/Cy5.5), and Cq value \leq 38 for E484K (FAM), K417T(ROX) and K417N (Cy5)

Invalid Result: There is no typical S-shape amplification curve or Cq value >35 or Undetermined for A242-244del (HEX), Cq value >37 or Undetermined for H69-V70Del (Atto425/Cy5.5), and Cq value >38 or Undetermined for E484K (FAM), K417T(ROX) and K417N (Cy5) of positive control, indicating that there are interfering substances that inhibit the reaction or the specimen concentration is below detection limit. If Cq value \leq 35 for A242-244del (HEX), Cq value \leq 37 for H69-V70Del (Atto425/Cy5.5), and Cq value \leq 38 for E484K (FAM), K417T(ROX) and K417N (Cy5) of negative control, indicating the reagent or the testing environment is contaminated. Decontamination is required before running new tests.

Assessment of clinical specimen test results should be performed after the positive and negative controls have been examined and determined to be valid and acceptable. If the controls are not valid, the patient results cannot be interpreted. **Table** above describes the results interpretation of specimens concerning the use of the controls provided with the test. The Ct cutoff value of this kit is set as 35 for A242-244del (HEX), 37 for H69-V70Del (Atto425/Cy5.5), and 38 for E484K (FAM), K417T(ROX) and K417N (Cy5). And the end user is required to review fluorescent curves before final interpretation. All positive curves should be typical S-shape amplification curves.

Interpretation of Specimen Results

【Reference range】 Detection of the novel coronavirus SARS-CoV-2 is a pathogenic microorganism, which does not exist in healthy humans

【Interpretation of test results】 Laboratory environment pollution, reagent contamination, and specimen cross-contamination will cause false positive results; Improper reagent transportation, storage, or inaccurate reagent preparation may result in a decline in the reagent detection efficiency, false negatives or inaccurate quantitative detection. There is no typical S-shape amplification curve or Cq value >35 or Undetermined for A242-244del (HEX), Cq value >37 or Undetermined for H69-V70Del (Atto425/Cy5.5), and Cq value >38 or Undetermined for E484K (FAM), K417T(ROX) and K417N (Cy5) of positive control, indicating that there are interfering substances that inhibit the reaction or the specimen concentration is below the detection limit. If upon retest, the result is invalid again, another fresh sample should be collected and tested. If Cq value ≤35 for A242-244del (HEX), Cq value ≤37 for H69-V70Del (Atto425/Cy5.5), and Cq value ≤38 for E484K (FAM), K417T(ROX) and K417N (Cy5) of negative control, indicating the reagent or the testing environment is contaminated. Decontamination is required before running new tests.

[Limitation of the test method]

1)Test results are affected by how the specimen is collected, processed, transported and stored. Loss of control in any of the steps will lead to incorrect results. Special attention should be paid to the risk of specimen cross contamination during processing which may lead to false positive results.

- 2) Improper specimen collection, transport and processing may lead to false negative results; mutation of target sequence may lead to false positive or false negative results.
- 3) This kit is applicable to specified specimen types and detection system, including Real Time PCR instruments, nucleic acid extraction reagent, detection method and etc. Validation is required before applying any new specimen types or detection system.

【Product performance specification】

Detection limit: 1000 copies/ml (RNA extraction free);

450 copies/ml (RNA extraction performed)

[Precautions]

Please read the entire manual carefully before starting test.

- 1. The entire testing process is suggested to be performed in three separated areas:
- a) Reaction system preparation and reagent preparation area;
- b) Specimen processing and specimen adding area;
- c) PCR amplification, fluorescence detection and result analysis area.

environmental pollution; Instruments, equipment, consumables and work clothes used in each area shall be used independently;

Clean the workbench immediately after the experiment. Pipettes, centrifuges, PCR amplifiers and other instruments should be disinfected with 10% hypochlorous acid or 75% alcohol, UV lamps or ozone.

- 2. Operators should be professionally trained and have corresponding operating skills, certain experimental experience, and good safety precautions.
- 3. Non-fluorescence contaminated disposable gloves, disposable centrifuge tubes, and disposable pipettes tips with filters should be used throughout experiments.
 Wastes (such as pipette tips), amplification centrifuge tubes, and specimens that have come into contact with standards and controls during experiments should be decontaminated before disposal.
- 4. To ensure the success and accuracy of experiment:

Each experiment should include negative and positive controls. Reagents should be equilibrated to room temperature before use, and fully melted and mixed. The prepared PCR reaction mixture should be protected from light. The reaction mix in tubes should be thoroughly mixed and centrifuged to avoid air bubbles as much as possible. Do not mix reagents from different batches. Kits must be used before expiration dates.

【Instruction Approval and Revision Date】

Approval Date: 2021.02.22 Revision Date: 2021.02.22 Date of Issue: 2021.02.22

【Index of Symbols】

IVD	The product is used in vitro, please don't swallow it.	EC REP	European union authorization representative	
\mathbf{Z}	Validity	Πi	Refer to instruction book	
\triangle	Warning, please refer to the instruction in the annex	***	Manufacturer	
	Product temperature scope	REF	Catalogue number	
LOT	Batch number	Σ	Contains sufficient for <n> tests</n>	
촣	Avoid overexposure to sun	سا	Date of manufacture	
(€	The product meets the basic requirements of European in vitro diagnostic medical devices directive 98/79/EC			



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